

Key Stage 3 Long Term Planning

Year 7 INTENT: To explore the foundations of literature, from myths and legends to the beginnings of rhetoric. To begin to understand how texts are constructed, how texts are used to carry a message and they ways writers shape their craft.

Faculty Area: English

Year 7	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Threshold Concept(s)	Analysing Techniques and Using Evidence	Awareness of Impact and Understanding Context	Structure and Cohesion (Including Rhetoric)
Exploratory Question	What is literature and what can it teach us about humanity?	How do texts explore the wider world?	Can words change the world?
Knowledge	The Origins of Literature: Myths and Legends 1: Word consciousness (transition) 2: Implicit and explicit meaning 3: Integrating subject terminology inc. verbs of inference. 3: Connotation and denotation 4: Figurative language 5: The human condition 6: The Literary Canon (and beyond) 7: Ancient Civilisations 8: Biblical and classical allusions 9: Key texts (Ovid and Homer) 10: Symbolism 11: Creative writing	Conflict: From the Medieval to the Modern 1: Literary conventions: historical fiction. 2: Contexts of production and reception 3: Narrative perspectives 4: Range of conflict texts from Beowulf to modern conflict poetry) 5: Introduction to a range of poetic devices (language and structure) 6: Literal and metaphorical meanings and interpretations 7: Writers' craft and writer's intentions 8: Flashbacks - Felix as an old man 9: Conventions of autobiographical writing 10: Purpose of autobiographical writing	An Introduction to Rhetoric 1: The power and origins of rhetoric 2: Aristotle and Aristotelean rhetoric 3: Ethos (personal branding; credibility; inclusivity) 4: Pathos (anecdote, emotive language; inspirational language) 5: Logos (logical structure, analogy, comparison, objectivity and reason) 6: Features of transactional text types 7: Rhetoric today (a range of modern political speeches) 6: Rhetorical techniques (metaphor; humour; allusion) 9: Rhetoric in Elizabethan England 10: Julius Caesar (whole text with a focus on political rhetoric) 11: Crafting a character
Skills	1: Identify and examine a range of literary devices using accurate subject terminology 2: Examine how to infer and deduce meaning from a range of writers' choices 3: Analyse the specific impact of words/phrases for the reader, considering alternative interpretations	1: Application and appreciation of a range of literary techniques in prose and poetry 2: Create links between context, plot, character and intentions 3: Compare texts and their contextual influences and evaluate their impact on the reader	1: To identify and apply effective rhetorical devices 2: To apply knowledge of rhetorical devices to a range of literary and non-literary texts 3: To create coherent, persuasive writing by applying knowledge from this unit and from SPaG lessons
Connections to previous learning	KS2 Links: Vocabulary; Spelling; Reading for meaning; Linguistic devices; making inferences; comprehension reading for pleasure	KS2 Links: Vocabulary; Spelling; Reading for meaning; Literary conventions; Types of text; creative writing; Linguistic devices; structural devices; poetry; narrative perspective;	KS2 Links: Vocabulary; Spelling; Shakespeare; non-fiction texts; conscious crafting; Linguistic devices; structural devices communication



		reading for meaning;	
Assessment	1: Multiple choice key terms test 2: Students are provided with an extract and a list of statements – they must find evidence to support the statements and give reasons for their choices 3: Annotate an extract demonstrating knowledge of key terms and considering effect(s) on the reader (inference and analysis)	1: Multiple choice key terms test 2: Analyse a poem, demonstrating knowledge of key terms and considering effect(s) on the reader and links to context. The focus is how well students create a context-driven analysis, recognising the text as a construct. 3: Text conversion: convert a war poem to short piece of autobiographical writing from the perspective of the protagonist, ensuring the correct conventions are followed.	1: Multiple choice key terms test 2: Annotate the Friends, Roman and Countryman Speech for rhetorical devices and their effect(s) 3: EOY test. Students must complete a multiple-choice test which contains a mixture of learning from the three units this year. They should then write (and perform) a short speech including the techniques they have learnt this year (school issue)
Homework	Set and collected on a weekly basis Homework tasks allow pupils to consolidate, reflect on a Tasks may include pre-reading, research or spelling, pun Intended to support and stretch pupils and to develop st Students are also encouraged to read for pleasure in the Homework is shared on 'Insight' as well as in class and o	ctuation and grammar tasks were appropriate tudents' independent learning skills	
Cultural enrichment	In Year 7, students can take part in:		
including Trips,	Accelerated reader		
Visits, Experiences,	Debate club		
Extra-curricular	Spelling bee		
	Theatre trip		
	Film club Museum visit		
	500 Words competition		
	Lunchtime in the library – a variety of acitivites on offer		
	WBD Events		
	Roald Dahl Day		
	Celebrations for Shakespeare's birthday		
Literacy		essional judgements we make about our teaching will provide the	e best outcomes for our context and includes:
		e pupils are building on and making links with existing knowledge	<u>.</u>
	Flexibility to enable teachers to adapt to best meet the needs of	···	
		ng new words, providing repeated exposure to new words, and p	roviding opportunities for pupils to use new words (with a view
	to challenging the 'Matthew Effect', whereby the word rich get		
Numoracu	Regular, planned and sequenced opportunities for oracy, the s Timelines – awareness of literary periods and the significance		
Numeracy	Key dates associated with biographical and contextual knowle		
	An understanding of chronology in relation to plots and struct	•	
	Numerical prefixes – uni/mono etc		
	Tension graphs and character charts		
	Poetry – metre (iambic pentameter, trochaic tetrameter etc),	structure (couplets, quatrains, sonnet form etc)	
	Facts, figures and statistics		
CIAG	HT1: Research skills lesson: what does effective research	<u>HT4:</u>	HT5/6: Developing formal speech. How can we write effective
	look like? What are reliable sources? How do we	All year groups to take part in NCW English careers lessons:	speeches, why is this an important skill, which jobs require us
	synthesise/summarise information? Linked to independent	Where can English take you?	to speak in front of others?
	projects. Teaching		·



Key Stage 3 Long Term Planning

Year 8 INTENT: To continue a journey through literature, from the renaissance to the romantic. To begin to develop a thoughtful, critical approach to analysis and begin to develop a mature writing style.

Faculty Area: English

Year 8	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Threshold Concept(s)	Analysing Techniques and Using Evidence	Awareness of Impact and Understanding Context	Structure and Cohesion (Including Rhetoric)
Exploratory Questions	How does literature explore human morality?	How do texts capture a changing world?	Does literature have the power to shape the world?
Knowledge	The Renaissance: Shakespearean versus modern villains 1: Aristotelian dramatic theatre 2: Introduction to Renaissance Theatre 3: Shakespearean archetypes 4: Protagonist/antagonist 5: Characterisation: the villain 6: Motifs of evil 7: Dramatic irony: soliloquys and asides 8: The monologue 9: Narrative Perspective 10: The power of oracy and rhetoric	Neoclassicism: Things Fall Apart (Chinua Achebe) and Journeys in Literature 1: Social/ historical context: colonialism 2: Features of the adventure genre 3: Creative writing – a journey 4: Symbolism, themes and motifs 5: Spiritual Growth: The Concept of Bildungsroman 6: Writer's Intentions 7: Zeitgeist: Discontentment 8: Repression and Oppression in Chinua Achebe's 'Things Fall Apart' 9: Allegory 10: Intertextuality and allusion	Romanticism: Rime of the Ancient Mariner and Early Victorian England 1: Introduction to Romanticism 2: Literary context: Neoclassicism 3: Ballad form: 'Rime of Ancient Mariner' 4: Cyclical structure: 'Rime of Ancient Mariner' 5: Whole text cohesion: albatross as linking motif 6: Sonnet form: 'Composed Upon the Westminster Bridge' 7: Use of pathos: 'Beggars in St James Park' (deprivation) 8: Ode form: 'Ode to the West Wind'
Skills Progression	1: Year seven revision 2: Develop inferences to support interpretations 3: Analyse the specific impact of techniques on the reader, considering alternative interpretations	1: Year seven revision 2: Develop links between context, form and themes 3: Compare texts and their contextual influences and explore writer's message	1: Year seven revision 2: To apply knowledge of cohesive devices to a range of literary and non-literary texts 3: To recognise conventions of form and structure (poetic and non-fiction)
Connections to previous learning	See KS3-5 Curriculum Map <u>here</u>	See KS3-5 Curriculum Map <u>here</u>	See KS3-5 Curriculum Map <u>here</u>
Assessment	1: Multiple choice key terms test. 2: Students are provided with an extract and a list of questions - they must find evidence, explore effects and identify techniques. 3: Consider who is the better villain? Write a monologue from the point of view of your villain of choice (oracy based?)	1: Multiple choice context test. 2: Annotate extract with links to context (including thematic links) and use extract as a springboard into whole text response exploring the zeitgeist of the times through a context-driven line of argument. 3: Creative writing: incorporating intertextuality	1: Multiple choice context test 2: Respond to structure question on ROAM 3: EOY test: Students must complete a multiple-choice test which contains a mixture of learning from the three units this year and analyse a Romantic poem identifying features of Romantic literature.
Homework	Set and collected on a weekly basis Homework tasks allow pupils to consolidate, reflect on and Tasks may include pre-reading, research or spelling, punct Intended to support and stretch pupils and to develop stud Students are also encouraged to read for pleasure in their	uation and grammar tasks were appropriate dents' independent learning skills	1



	Homework is shared on 'Insight' as well as in class and other tools such as Teams and Microsoft Forms may be used.		
Cultural enrichment	In year 8, stduents can take part in:		
including Trips, Visits,	Accelerated reader		
Experiences, Extra-	500 Words competition		
curricular	Film club		
	Spelling Bee		
	Lunchtime in the library – a variety of acitivites on offer		
	WBD Events		
	Roald Dahl Day		
	Celebrations for Shakespeare's birthday		
Literacy	Literacy teaching is evidence informed to ensure that the professional judgements we make about our teaching will provide the best outcomes for our context and includes:		
	Careful, purposeful sequencing of literacy knowledge to ensure pupils are building on and making links with existing knowledge.		
	Flexibility to enable teachers to adapt to best meet the needs of pupils		
	Opportunities to extend pupils' vocabulary by explicitly teaching new words, providing repeated exposure to new words, and providing opportunities for pupils to use new words (with a view		
	to challenging the 'Matthew Effect', whereby the word rich get word richer and the word poor get word poorer).		
	Regular, planned and sequenced opportunities for oracy, the skills of which are explicitly taught.		
Numeracy	Timelines – awareness of literary periods and the significance of these		
	Key dates associated with biographical and contextual knowledge		
	An understanding of chronology in relation to plots and structure Numerical prefixes – uni/mono etc		
	Tension graphs and character charts		
	Poetry – metre (iambic pentameter, trochaic tetrameter etc), structure (couplets, quatrains, sonnet form etc)		
	Facts, figures and statistics		
CIAG	HT3:		
CIAG	Study skills lesson - how to best revise and create a study		
	guide		
	Museum visit and talk with employee (employer		
	engagement)		
	HT4:		
	All year groups to take part in NCW English careers lessons:		
	Where can English take you?		



Key Stage 3 Long Term Planning

Year 9 INTENT: Our journey through literature concludes, with a focus on Victorian literature, modernism and postmodernism, casting a critical eye on the role of women in literature. Students will appreciate the value of literature being both of its time and a tool for social change. Writing will be critical, thoughtful and sophisticated.

Faculty Area: English

Year 9	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Threshold Concept(s)	Analysing Techniques and Using Evidence	Awareness of Impact and Understanding Context	Structure and Cohesion (Including Rhetoric)
Exploratory Questions	How does society respond to what it does not understand?	What does a patriarchal society look like?	Do actions speak louder than words?
Knowledge	Gothic Horror: The Portrayal of Victorian Monsters from Dracula to Hyde (Frankenstein; The Play) 1: Genre – conventions and history 2: Literary context- The Victorian era, with a focus on science and religion 3: Use of symbol, motif and imagery specific to genre (religious, scientific, ornithological, thanatological) 4: Allusions (Greek mythology, folk lore, biblical, historical) 5: Setting as gothic tool (pathetic fallacy etc.) 6: Character archetypes in gothic fiction- crafting character through specific language choices 7: comparative Writing: presentation of monsters 8: Creative writing 9: Varying narrative perspectives and their reliability-including narrative poetry 10: Critical perspectives (psychoanalytical)	The Voice of Women in Literature over time – Lady Macbeth 1: Features of the Gothic 2: The representation of women from medieval to renaissance 3: Women's rights in history: feminism 4: Madness/ hysteria as a symbol of oppression 5: Conventions of Post-Modernism (satire and irony, structural features) 6: The reinforcement of patriarchal ideologies throughout literature 7. Poetic form: free verse 8: Postmodern poetry	Modernism: Dear Martin and Civil Rights Issues in Literature 1: Social context- introduction to the Civil Rights Movement 2: Contemporary social issues: global conflict, global warming, 3: Using figures of speech as shared metaphors for effect 4: Parallelism and other cohesive devices 5: Repetition for effect- from anaphora to symploce 6: Revisiting structural devices in poetry- caesura, enjambment, Volta 7: Rhythm and metre in spoken word and rap 8: Use of chronology, retrospective narrative, backstory and flashback 9: Writing a speech
Skills Connections to	1: Synthesising information across texts, with a focus on identifying writer's methods. 2: Selecting and embedding judicious evidence 3: Commenting on the effects of writer's methods, including figurative language, alongside exploring writer's intentions. See KS3-5 Curriculum Map here	1: Show a perceptive understanding of the relationship between texts and their contexts of production and reception. 2: Read, understand and respond to texts, maintaining a critical style and develop an informed personal response 3: Use increasingly complex and convincing ideas when crafting your character See KS3-5 Curriculum Map here	1: Varied and inventive use of structural features 2: Fluently linked paragraphs with seamlessly integrated discourse markers 3: Analyse the language, form and structure used by a writer to create meanings and effects, using relevant subject terminology where appropriate. See KS3-5 Curriculum Map here
previous learning Assessment	1: Multiple choice: Identifying links	1: Multiple choice context quiz	1: Re-visiting rhetoric- identifying techniques from
Assessment	With the choice. Identifying finks Comparehension of plot, character and theme (Frankenstein) Compare themes of acceptance and belonging in Frankenstein and Wonder	2: Explore the presentation of female hysteria though extract based analysis (The Yellow Wallpaper) 3: Poetry analysis	multiple choice 2: EOY test: Students must complete a multiple-choice test which contains a mixture of learning from the three units and write a letter responding to a contemporary issue



Homework	Set and collected on a weekly basis		
	Homework tasks allow pupils to consolidate, reflect on and re	evisit in-class learning.	
	Tasks may include pre-reading, research or spelling, punctuat	tion and grammar tasks were appropriate	
	Intended to support and stretch pupils and to develop students' independent learning skills		
	Students are also encouraged to read for pleasure in their own time.		
	Homework is shared on 'Insight' as well as in class and other t	tools such as Teams and Microsoft Forms may be used.	
Cultural enrichment	In Year 9, students can take part in:		
including Trips, Visits,	Accelerated reader		
Experiences, Extra-	Top girls		
curricular	Debate club		
	Spelling bee		
	Film club		
	Write for Rights		
	Lancashire 'Book of the Year' awards		
	Lunchtime in the library – a variety of acitivites on offer		
	WBD Events		
	Roald Dahl Day		
	Celebrations for Shakespeare's birthday		
Literacy	Literacy teaching is evidence informed to ensure that the professional judgements we make about our teaching will provide the best outcomes for our context and includes:		
	Careful, purposeful sequencing of literacy knowledge to ensure pupils are building on and making links with existing knowledge.		
	Flexibility to enable teachers to adapt to best meet the needs of pur	•	
	Opportunities to extend pupils' vocabulary by explicitly teaching new words, providing repeated exposure to new words, and providing opportunities for pupils to use new words (with a view		
	to challenging the 'Matthew Effect', whereby the word rich get word	,	
	Regular, planned and sequenced opportunities for oracy, the skills o	. , ,	
Numeracy	Timelines – awareness of literary periods and the significance of the	ese	
	Key dates associated with biographical and contextual knowledge		
	An understanding of chronology in relation to plots and structure		
	Numerical prefixes – uni/mono etc		
	Tension graphs and character charts		
	Poetry – metre (iambic pentameter, trochaic tetrameter etc), struc	cture (couplets, quatrains, sonnet form etc)	
011.0	Facts, figures and statistics	UTA	LUTE
CIAG		HT4:	HT6:
		All year groups to take part in NCW English careers lessons:	Year 9: KS4 English – where can it take you?
	·	Where can English take you?	
	the Gothic genre. Teachers to include information about		
	careers pathways and progression (careers in the curriculum)		



Key Stage 4 Long Term Planning

Year 10 SYLLABUS: Students will follow the GCSE AQA specifications for both English Language and English Literature. All students will study both subjects and will gain two qualifications at the end of Y11. Students will also explore the links between GCSE and A Level English Literature and be encouraged to use literary critical concepts in their writing.

Curriculum Area: English Language and Literature

Year 10	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Syllabus Area	Theme of Conflict: To what extent is conflict in human nature? Macbeth Anthology Poems (Bayonet Charge, Remains, War Photographer, Poppies) Language Paper 1 Section B	Theme of Identity: To what extent is our identity shaped by society? Jekyll and Hyde Anthology Poems (Kamikaze, The Emigree, Tissue) Language Paper 2 Section A	Theme of The Future: To what extent can we shape our future? Rhetorical speeches Language paper 2 Section B Marcus Rashford's open letter Anthology Poems (Checking Out Me History, London and Charge of the Light Brigade) Spoken Language Endorsement – The future I want.
Exploratory Questions	To what extent is conflict part of human nature?	To what extent is our identity shaped by society?	To what extent can we shape our future?
Knowledge and Skills	1: Examination requirements and assessment objectives 2: Aristotelian Tragedy 3: Shakespearean tragedy 4: Jacobean context 5: Plot 6: Structure (including poetic form) 7: Key characters and relationships 8: Features of stagecraft 9: Poetic devices 10: Kingship and the divine right. 11: Manhood, war and violence (linked to Bayonet Charge) 12: Ambition	1: Language P2 structure and requirements. 2: Victorian writing style (linked to Lang: P2) 3: Making inferences. 4: Comparing texts. 5: Stevenson's life 6: Features of gothic literature and detective genre 7: Setting - Victorian Britain (focus on London) vs The Emigree 8: Religious attitudes in 19th century 9: Advances in Science (19th century) 10: Plot 11: Key characters and relationships 12: features of descriptive writing 13: Effective characterisation	1: Recap of Language AOs 2: Recap of language exam structure 3: Rhetoric revisited (Aristotle – ethos, logos, pathos) 4: Rhetorical sentence structures 5: Features of transactional writing 6: Text types 7: Tone and register 8: Levels of formality 9: Modern political speeches 10: Spoken Language assessment criteria 11: Effective planning and performance 12: Spoken Language – The Future I want (link to Checking out me History) 13: Writing an effective article
	13: The supernatural 14: Appearance v. reality 15: Marriage 16: The position of women and motherhood (linked to Poppies)	14: Concept of science v. religion 15: Duality (linked to Tissue) 16: Repression and the importance of reputation (linked to Kamikaze) 17: Societal expectations (linked to Checking Out Me	14: Rhetorical and cohesive devices (knife crime article) 15: Satire, Irony and Parody 16: Social commentary (linked to London) 17: Power of Language (Linked to Charge of the Light Brigade)



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	17: fate v. free will.	History)	18: Marcus Rashford's open letter
	18: Guilt (linked to Remains and War Photographer)	18: Friendship	19: Effective letter writing
	19: Justice	19: The epistolary form	20: Summarising texts
	20: Academic/analytical writing	20: Structural techniques- text and sentence level	21: Making valid inferences
	21: Story writing:	21: Allusion- The Bible and Shakespeare's King Lear	22: Zooming in vs the big picture
	Modern context (text as construct)		23: Introduction to unseen poetry (The Richest Poor
	Story Openings		Man in the Valley)
	Characterisation		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	Building Tension		
Links to Prior	The literary canon and texts in context	The literary canon and texts in context	Aristotle
Learning	Text as a construct	Text as a construct	Rhetoric
	Aristotle	Descriptive Writing	Whole text cohesion
	Rhetoric	Transactional writing and non-fiction extracts	Public Speaking
	Shakespearean theatre	Antagonists/villains in literature	Effective structural devices
	Links between context, plot and themes	Effect(s) of writers' methods on readers	Transactional writing and non-fiction extracts
	Antagonists/villains in literature	Links between context, plot and themes	Effect(s) of writers' methods on readers
	Effect(s) of writers' methods on readers	Victorian context	Marxism Restrict Desired and the state forms
	Monologues and soliloquies	Gothic literature	Poetic Devices and poetic form
	Literary Criticism	Science v Religion	
	Creative writing	The romantic genre and epic poetry	
	Narrative hooks	Poetic Devices and poetic form	
	Use of chronology, retrospective narrative, backstory and flashback		
	Poetic Devices and poetic form		
Assessment	1: (Week 4) Macbeth extract analysis (Ambition)	1: (Week 7) Jekyll & Hyde extract analysis	1: (Week 11) Lit P2 Essay Q
7.00000	2: (Week 7) Poetry Knowledge Quiz	2: (Week 11) Jekyll & Hyde full response	2: (Week 12) Poetry Comparison
	3: (Week 9) Macbeth full response – Macbeth as a violent	3: (Week 14) Language full P2	3: (Week 14) Spoken Language Endorsement
	man	or (Week 11) Emigrage 141112	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	4: (Week 11) Language Paper 1 Section B		
Homework	One piece of homework will be provided each week based on	One piece of homework will be provided each week based on	One piece of homework will be provided each week based on
Homework	the needs of individual students and the areas of the syllabus	the needs of individual students and the areas of the syllabus	the needs of individual students and the areas of the syllabus
	they need to focus on.	they need to focus on.	they need to focus on.
Cultural	Theatre trip	Film Adaptations	Public Speaking
enrichment	Film Adaptations	Documentary Screenings	Documentary Screenings
including Trips,	Documentary Screenings	Debate club	Performance from Theatre Company
Visits,	Debate club	Film club	Spelling bee
Experiences,	Film club	WBD Events	Debate club
Extra-curricular	Theatre group performance	Celebrations for Shakespeare's birthday	Film club
	Write for rights club	Write for rights club	Write for rights club
	A Level taster sessions	A Level taster sessions	A-Level taster sessions
Literacy	Literacy teaching is evidence informed to ensure that the profes	sional judgements we make about our teaching will provide the be	st outcomes for our context and includes:
	Careful, purposeful sequencing of literacy knowledge to ensure	oupils are building on and making links with existing knowledge.	
	Flexibility to enable teachers to adapt to best meet the needs of	pupils	
	Opportunities to extend pupils' vocabulary by explicitly teaching	new words, providing repeated exposure to new words, and provi	ding opportunities for pupils to use new words (with a view to
	challenging the 'Matthew Effect', whereby the word rich get wo	rd richer and the word poor get word poorer).	
	Regular, planned and sequenced opportunities for oracy, the ski	lls of which are explicitly taught.	



Numeracy	Timelines – awareness of literary periods and the significance of	fthese		
	Key dates associated with biographical and contextual knowleds	Key dates associated with biographical and contextual knowledge		
	An understanding of chronology in relation to plots and structur	An understanding of chronology in relation to plots and structure		
	Numerical prefixes – uni/mono etc			
	Tension graphs and character charts			
	Poetry – metre (iambic pentameter, trochaic tetrameter etc), structure (couplets, quatrains, sonnet form etc)			
	Facts, figures and statistics			
CIAG		<u>HT4:</u>	<u>HT5</u> :	
		All year groups to take part in NCW English careers lessons:	Communicating with employers (work experience prep)	
		Where can English take you?	<u>HT6</u> :	
			Communication and spoken language presentation (linking to	
			interview skills and formal/workplace talk)	
			Revision skills lesson (EOY Exams)	



Key Stage 4 Long Term Planning

Year 11 SYLLABUS: Students will follow the GCSE AQA specifications for both English Language and English Literature. All students will study both subjects and will gain two qualifications at the end of Y11. Students will also explore the links between GCSE and A Level English Literature and be encouraged to use literary critical concepts in their writing.

Curriculum Area: English Language and Literature

Year 11	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Syllabus Area	Theme of Power: To what extent does power corrupt? Animal Farm Anthology Poems (Ozymandias and My Last Duchess) Language Paper 1 Section A	Theme of Nature: To what extent is man more powerful than nature? Anthology Poems (Exposure, Extract from the Prelude, Storm on the Island) Unseen Poetry (Autumn/Today, Nettles/Brothers & parent poems) Language P1 Section A Language P2 Section A P1 Section B narrative writing P2 Section B transactional writing	Using data from Mock exams, tailored programme of inclass intervention based on the needs of the class Examination preparation
Exploratory Questions	To what extent does power corrupt?	To what extent is man more powerful than nature?	How can I ensure I get the grade I deserve?
Knowledge and Skills	1: Language P1 Structure and requirements 2: Writing about character 3: Making inferences 4: Attitudes towards the 'class system' 5: Socialism and socialist literature 6: Context - Capitalism, communism and the Soviet Union 7: Dystopian literature 8: Features of allegory, satire and fable 9: Karl Marx 10: Anthropomorphism and zoomorphism 11: Plot 12: Totalitarianism 13: Knowledge of key characters and relationships 14: Corruption of socialist ideals 15: Greed 16: Propaganda 17: Tyranny (linked to My Last Duchess and Ozymandias)	1: Exam requirements and assessment objectives 2: Poetic form, structure and devices 3: Annotating a poem in exam conditions 4: Reading for literal meaning 5: Embedding quotations. 6: Analysing language 7: Identifying themes 8: Structuring a response 9: Identifying deeper meaning 10: Comparing writer's methods 11: Paper 1 Examination Requirements 12: Language P1 Section A 13: Language Paper 2 Exam requirements 14: P2 Section A 15: Narrative writing revisited 16: Transactional writing 17: Rhetoric and rhetorical devices 18: Whole text cohesion 19: P2 Section B Environment Speech	Interleaved recapping and revision (weighted in favour of language) of. Split lesson structure to suit the needs of the class: All Language Paper 1 knowledge (as per Y10 and Lang P1 revision PLC) All Language Paper 2 knowledge (as per Y10 and Lang P2 revision PLC) All Macbeth knowledge (as per Y10 and Lit P1 revision PLC) All Jekyll and Hyde knowledge (as per Y10 and Lit P1 revision PLC) All Animal Farm knowledge (as per Y10 and Lit P2 revision PLC) All poetry anthology knowledge (as per Y10 and Lit P2 revision PLC) All unseen poetry knowledge (as per Y10 and Lit P2 revision PLC)



	19: Danger of a naïve working class.		
	20: Power of language		
	21: Symbol and motif		
	22: Foreshadowing and irony		
	23: Poetic forms, structure, context and devices		
	24: Difference between essay question and extract		
	question		
	question		
Links to Prior	The literary canon and texts in context	The literary canon and texts in context	
Learning	Text as a construct	Text as a construct	
_	Dystopian literature	Descriptive Writing	
	Marxism	Transactional writing and non-fiction extracts	
	Links between context, plot and themes	Antagonists/villains in literature	
	Antagonists/villains in literature	Effect(s) of writers' methods on readers	
	Power of language	Links between context, plot and themes	
	Rhetoric	Victorian context	
	Effect(s) of writers' methods on readers	Gothic literature	
	Literary Criticism	Science v Religion	
	Use of chronology, retrospective narrative, backstory and	The romantic genre and epic poetry	
	flashback	Poetic Devices and poetic form	
	Poetic Devices and poetic form		
	Trocate Democs and poetic remi		
Assessment	1: (Nov mocks) Language P1?	1: (Feb mocks) Language P1 & P2?	Final exams
		2 (2)	
	2: (Nov mocks) Lit P1 full paper	2: (Feb mocks) Lit P2 full paper	
Homework	One piece of homework will be provided each week based on	One piece of homework will be provided each week	
	the needs of individual students and the areas of the syllabus	based on the needs of individual students and the areas	
	they need to focus on.	of the syllabus they need to focus on.	
Cultural	Public Speaking	Poetry performance	
enrichment	Documentary Screenings	Poetry readings	
including Trips,	Spelling bee	University-delivered lectures	
Visits,	Debate club	Debate Club	
Experiences,	Film club	A-level/sixth form links	
Extra-	Write for rights club	•	
curricular	A Level taster sessions		
Literacy	Literacy teaching is evidence informed to ensure that the profess	ional judgements we make about our teaching will provide th	e hest outcomes for our context and includes:
Literacy	Careful, purposeful sequencing of literacy knowledge to ensure p		
	Flexibility to enable teachers to adapt to best meet the needs of		C.
	Opportunities to extend pupils' vocabulary by explicitly teaching	•	providing opportunities for nunils to use new words (with a
	view to challenging the 'Matthew Effect', whereby the word rich		providing opportunities for publis to use flew words (with a
	Regular, planned and sequenced opportunities for oracy, the skil		
	negular, planned and sequenced opportunities for oracy, the skill	s or winch are explicitly taught.	



Numeracy	Timelines – awareness of literary periods and the significance of these	
	Key dates associated with biographical and contextual knowledge	
	An understanding of chronology in relation to plots and structure	
	Numerical prefixes – uni/mono etc	
	Tension graphs and character charts	
	Poetry – metre (iambic pentameter, trochaic tetrameter etc), structure (couplets, quatrains, sonnet form etc)	
	Facts, figures and statistics	
CIAG	<u>HT1:</u>	
	2 x lessons on mock interview preparation university talk	
	about studying English (FE/HE information)	
	HT2:	
	Year 11: Theatre group performance and speaking with	
	employees	